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Appl. No. 09/834,413 Response Dated 12/02/2005 Reply to Office communication of 09/06/2005

DEC 0 2 2005

Amendments to the Claims:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

Listing of Claims:

Claim 1. (currently amended) A system for creating an individual, three-dimensional virtual tooth model representing a tooth found in a dentition assigned to a patient, comprising:

a memory storing at least one virtual three-dimensional model of a template object corresponding to a tooth, including a template tooth corresponding to said tooth;

a data processing system including a memory storing a virtual three-dimensional model of at least a part of the dentition;

wherein said data processing system further comprises software processing said virtual three-dimensional model of at least a part of the dentition and said virtual model of the template object and responsively deriving said individual, three-dimensional, virtual tooth model[[.]];

wherein said software comprises:

- 1. a routine superimposing said virtual template object corresponding to a tooth on said virtual model of at least a part of the dentition;
- 2. a routine drawing vectors from said virtual template object to a surface of said virtual model of the dentition and storing a set of points where said vectors intersect said surface:
- a routine forming a new surface comprised of said set of points; and

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a routine filling missing parts of said surface, if any, from said template tooth.

Claim 2. (original) The system of claim 1, wherein said template object comprises one

or more specific characteristics of a tooth selected from the group consisting of cusps,

tooth width, occlusion characteristics, two-dimensional cross-section in an occlusal plane,

roots and flatness.

Claim 3. (original) The system of claim 1, wherein said template object comprises a

surface formed of a mesh of polygon surfaces.

Claim 4. (original) The system of claim 1, wherein said template object comprises a

cloud of three-dimensional points.

Claim 5. (original) The system of claim 1, wherein said virtual three-dimensional

model of at least a part of the dentition comprises a surface formed of a mesh of

polygon surfaces.

The system of claim 1, wherein said virtual three-dimensional Claim 6. (original)

model of at least a part of the dentition comprises a cloud of three-dimensional points.

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Claim 7. (original) The system of claim 1, wherein said individual, three-dimensional, virtual tooth model comprises a surface formed of a mesh of polygon surfaces.

Claim 8. (original) The system of claim 1, wherein said individual, threedimensional, virtual tooth model comprises a surface formed of a mesh of threedimensional points.

Claim 9. (original) The system of claim 1, wherein said software superimposes and orients said virtual template object with respect to said virtual three-dimensional model of at least a part of the dentition.

Claim 10. (original) The system of claim 1, wherein said software determines specific areas of said virtual three-dimensional model of at least a part of the dentition that correspond to structural elements of said virtual template object.

Claim 11. (original) The system of claim 1, wherein said individual three-dimensional virtual tooth model comprises, at least in part, surfaces derived from said virtual template object.

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Claim 12. (original) The system of claim 1, wherein said individual three-dimensional

virtual tooth model comprises, at least in part, surfaces derived by said software from said

virtual model of at least a part of said dentition.

Claim 13. (original) The system of claim 1, wherein spatial coordinates for portions of

said virtual tooth model, to which no corresponding areas could be determined from said

virtual model of at least a part of the dentition, are derived by said software from spatial

coordinates of corresponding portions of said virtual template object.

Claim 14. (original) The system of claim 13, wherein said software derives said spatial

coordinates from an interpolation from said template tooth.

Claim 15. (original) The system of claim 1, wherein said system further comprises a

user interface, and wherein said software displays said individual virtual tooth model on

said user interface.

Claim 16. (original) The system of claim 15, wherein said system includes software

that permits a user to place a landmark on a virtual representation of said tooth of the

patient via said user interface, said landmark used to align said virtual template object

corresponding to a tooth with said virtual three-dimensional model of at least a part of the

dentition.

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Claim 17. (original) The system of claim 16, wherein said user interface displays a superposition of said individual virtual tooth model and said virtual three-dimensional model of at least a part of the patient's dentition.

Claim 18. (original) The system of claim 16, wherein said data processing system generates individual virtual tooth models for all of the teeth of a patient and displays said virtual tooth models on a user interface.

Claim 19. (original) The system of claim 18, wherein said virtual tooth models are displayed on said user interface in a position relative to each other in three dimensions that substantially matches the current position of the teeth in the dentition of the patient.

Claim 20. (canceled)

Claim 21. (currently amended) The system of claim [[20]] 1, wherein the software module executes routines 1., 2., 3., and 4. in an iterative fashion, with the surface after execution of step 3. or step 4. replacing the virtual model of the dentition at step 1. in successive iterations.

Claim 22. (currently amended) The system of claim [[20]] 21, wherein said iterative execution of steps 1., 2., 3., and 4. terminates, the surface generated after the

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final iteration is displayed for the user as a superposition of original data obtained from scanning and the surface created by said software at the end of step 3. or step 4. after the last iteration.

Claim 23. (original) The system of claim 1, wherein said virtual model of the dentition comprises a plurality of three-dimensional surfaces as a result of the registration a plurality of point clouds representing three-dimensional frames with respect to each other.

Claim 24. (original) The system of claim 1, wherein the system further comprises a hand-held scanner for scanning the dentition of said patient, wherein said virtual three-dimensional model of a part of the dentition is derived from said scanning.

Claim 25. (currently amended) An orthodontic workstation, comprising:

a memory storing virtual three-dimensional template teeth and a virtual threedimensional model of the dentition of a patient;

a data processing system <u>comprising software</u> operating on said virtual template teeth and said virtual model of the dentition and responsively creating a set of individual, virtual, three-dimensional tooth models representing the teeth of the patient and storing said individual, virtual, three-dimensional tooth models in said memory[[.]];

wherein said software comprises:

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1. a routine superimposing a virtual tooth template corresponding to a tooth on said

virtual model of the dentition; wherein said virtual tooth template is obtained from said

virtual template teeth;

2. a routine drawing vectors from said virtual tooth template to a surface of said

tooth on said virtual model of the dentition and storing a set of points where said vectors

intersect said surface;

a routine forming a new surface comprised of said set of points; and

4. a routine filling missing parts of said surface, if any, from said tooth template.

Claim 26. (original) The workstation of claim 25, further comprising a user interface

displaying said virtual tooth models.

Claim 27. (original) The workstation of claim 25, wherein said user interface displays a

screen allowing a user to enter information to change the position of at least one of the

virtual tooth models relative to other virtual tooth models in three dimensions.

Claim 28. (original) The workstation of claim 25, wherein said user interface displays a

screen allowing a user to enter information as to a desired archform, and wherein said

workstation executes software moving said individual, virtual, three-dimensional tooth

models to said desired archform and displays said individual, virtual, three-dimensional

tooth models at said desired archform for a user.

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displayed virtual model of the dentition.

Claim 29. (original) The workstation of claim 25, wherein said user interface displays said virtual model of the dentition and permits a user to place landmarks on said

Claim 30. (currently amended) An orthodontic workstation, comprising:

a memory comprising data storage regions storing a data representing virtual three-dimensional anatomical structures including an individual, three-dimensional virtual tooth model representing an individual tooth of a patient isolated from surrounding anatomical structures;

a user interface including a display for displaying said individual virtual tooth model;

interactive software for allowing a user to manipulate said virtual tooth model with respect to said surrounding anatomical structures[[.]]:

wherein said individual virtual tooth model is generated from a scan of the dentition of a patient and a virtual three-dimensional template tooth using software comprising:

- a routine superimposing said virtual template tooth on said scan of the dentition;
- 2. a routine drawing vectors from said virtual template tooth to a surface of said scan of the dentition and storing a set of points where said vectors intersect said surface;
- 3. a routine forming a new surface comprised of said set of points; and
- 4. a routine filling missing parts of said surface, if any, from said template tooth.

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Claim 31. (canceled)

Claim 32. (original) The workstation of claim 30, wherein said individual, threedimensional virtual tooth model further comprises a root for said tooth, said root derived from a virtual, three-dimensional template tooth root.

Claim 33. (original) The workstation of claim 30, wherein said memory further comprises data storage regions storing a plurality of virtual, three-dimensional template orthodontic brackets.

Claim 34. (original) The workstation of claim 33, wherein said workstation further comprises software for permitting a user to place one of said virtual, three-dimensional template orthodontic brackets onto the surface of said individual, virtual three-dimensional tooth model and display said placed template bracket on said individual, virtual three-dimensional tooth model.

Claim 35. (original) The workstation of claim 30, wherein said memory stores data representing a library of virtual, three dimensional template teeth.

Claim 36. (currently amended) The workstation of claim [[22]] 35, wherein said library is generated from the processing of scans of a plurality of patients.

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Claim 37. (original) The workstation of claim 33, wherein said memory stores a virtual, three-dimensional model of a template of an oral structure selected from the group of oral structures consisting of tooth roots, tooth crowns, gingival tissue, and bone.

Claim 38. (currently amended) An orthodontic workstation, comprising:

a memory storing a library of virtual orthodontic objects, said objects comprising virtual, three-dimensional orthodontic brackets;

a user interface; and

a processing system including software for displaying said orthodontic brackets on said user interface and providing a navigational tool for enabling a user of said workstation to independently move said virtual orthodontic brackets in three dimensions[[.]];

wherein said objects further comprise individual, virtual three-dimensional tooth objects and wherein said software enables said orthodontic brackets to be placed on said tooth objects;

wherein said objects further comprise virtual three-dimensional template teeth;

wherein said individual, virtual three-dimensional tooth objects are generated

from a scan of the dentition of a patient and virtual three-dimensional template teeth

using software comprising:

1. a routine superimposing said virtual template teeth on said scan of the dentition;

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- 2. a routine drawing vectors from said virtual template teeth to a surface of said scan of the dentition and storing a set of points where said vectors intersect said surface;
- 3. a routine forming a new surface comprised of said set of points; and
- 4. a routine filling missing parts of said surface, if any, from said template teeth.

Claims 39-40. (canceled)

Claim 41. (original) The workstation of claim 38, wherein said objects further comprise virtual three-dimensional template gingival tissue.

Claim 42. (original) The workstation of claim 38, wherein said objects further comprise virtual three-dimensional template bone structures.

Claim 43. (currently amended) A method of separating a virtual tooth object from a virtual model of the dentition of a patient, comprising the steps of:

presenting on a user interface of a workstation a three-dimensional virtual model of the dentition;

providing a pair of virtual planes and a navigational tool for manipulating said pair of virtual planes with respect said three-dimensional virtual model;

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placing said pair of virtual planes on opposite sides of a tooth in said virtual model of the dentition:

identifying on said user interface locations where said tooth intersects gingival tissue:

identifying spatial coordinates of said virtual model of the dentition where said tooth intersects said ginival tissue; and

forming said virtual tooth object from said portions the portion of said tooth between said planes and the portion of said tooth separated from said gingival tissue.

Claim 44. (original) The method of claim 43, further comprising the step of: providing an erasing feature by which a user may delete from said virtual tooth object structures that do not correspond to said tooth.

Claim 45. (original) The method of claim 43, wherein said virtual model of said dentition has gaps in data and wherein said gaps in data are derived from a template virtual three dimensional tooth object.

Claim 46. (original) The method of claim 45, wherein said template virtual tooth object comprises a contralateral tooth.

Claim 47. (currently amended) In a method for making a crown for a tooth in which a crown is manufactured to fit to a prepared tooth, the improvement comprising:

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scanning said prepared tooth thereby creating a scanned virtual model of said prepared tooth and responsively creating a finished virtual model of said prepared tooth from said scanned virtual model;

storing in memory a virtual template crown for said tooth; and

providing a user interface and software wherein said software displays said virtual crown object and said <u>finished</u> virtual model of said prepared tooth and permits a user to adapt said virtual crown object to said <u>finished</u> virtual model of said prepared tooth[[.]];

wherein said step of responsively creating said finished virtual model of said prepared tooth further comprises the steps of:

- 1. superimposing a virtual template tooth corresponding to said prepared tooth on said scanned virtual model;
- 2. drawing vectors from said virtual template tooth to a surface of said scanned virtual model and storing a set of points where said vectors intersect said surface;
- 3. forming a new surface comprised of said set of points;
- 4. filling missing parts of said surface, if any, from said template tooth; and
- 5. performing an iterative execution of steps 1., 2., 3., and 4., with the surface after execution of step 3. or step 4. replacing the scanned virtual model at step 1. in successive iterations; wherein when said iterative execution of steps 1., 2., 3., and 4. terminates, the surface generated after the final iteration is displayed for the user as said finished virtual model.

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Claim 48. (currently amended) A method for making a denture for a patient, comprising the steps of:

scanning the gums and associated anatomical structures of the patient;

constructing a virtual three-dimensional model of the gums and associated anatomical structures from said scanning;

displaying said virtual three-dimensional model on a user interface of a computer; accessing with said computer a plurality of three-dimensional virtual template tooth objects;

orienting said three-dimensional template tooth objects with respect to each other to thereby provide a desired tooth position for said denture with the [[said]] aid of said computer;

combining said oriented three-dimensional virtual template teeth with said threedimensional virtual model of the guins and associated anatomical structures with the aid of said computer, and

preparing said denture from the three-dimensional combination of said threedimensional virtual template teeth with said three-dimensional virtual model of the gums and associated anatomical structures.

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Claim 49. (original) The method of claim 48 wherein said step of preparing comprises the step of preparing a physical model of said denture from said combination of said oriented three-dimensional virtual template teeth and said three-dimensional virtual model of the guns and associated anatomical structures;

preparing a mold from said physical model; and casting said denture in said mold.

Claim 50. (original) The method of claim 49, wherein said physical model comprises a sterelithograph model.